

II. Morel's conjectures for non-uniruled surfaces

Conjecture 1: (Morel) \mathcal{X} simplicial sheaf, then $\pi_0^{A^1}(\mathcal{X})$ is A^1 -invariant.

Conjecture 2: X smooth scheme over k , the natural epimorphism $\mathcal{S}(X) \longrightarrow \pi_0^{A^1}(X)$ is an iso.

Goal: Conjectures 1 and 2 hold for non-uniruled surfaces over k .



Lemma*: Let \mathcal{F} sheaf over Sm_k , then $S(\mathcal{F}) = S^2(\mathcal{F})$

\rightsquigarrow hold ($\dim U > 0$)

$\Leftrightarrow \forall U$ smooth Henselian local, if $t_1, t_2 \in \mathcal{F}(U)$ are ghost-homotopic then they are \mathbb{A}^1 -chain homotopic.

Idea:

+ reduction to 1-dimensional schemes.

Def: X scheme over k , $f: Y \rightarrow X$ is a \mathbb{P}^1 -fibration if f is smooth, proper and $\forall x \in X$, $f^{-1}(x)$ is a rational curve.

Lemma: E, B varieties over k

$\pi: E \rightarrow B$ smooth, projective over k

$\forall b \in B$, $\pi^{-1}(b) = E_b$ isomorphic to \mathbb{P}_b^1

Then π is an étale locally trivial fiber bundle.

Proposition X reduced, separated, proper and 1-dim
over k , Then

$$S(X) \cong S^2(X).$$

↓
Thm

X proper, non uniruled surface over
 k then $S(X) = S^2(X)$

Def: A κ -variety of dimension n is ruled (resp. unruled)

if \exists a κ -scheme Y of dimension $n-1$ and

a rational map:

$$\varphi: Y \times \mathbb{P}^1 \dashrightarrow X$$

which is birrational (resp. dominant).

non-unruled = not unruled.

$\Leftrightarrow \forall Y$ κ -scheme of dim $n-1$ and

$\varphi: Y \times \mathbb{P}^1 \dashrightarrow X$ rational then φ

cannot be dominant.

Proposition (Kollar, Rational curves on alg varieties
IV. 1.3)

X variety over k , then t.f.a.e.:

(1) X is uniruled over k

(2) $\exists Z$ variety over k + dominant $\mathbb{P}^1 \times Z \dashrightarrow X$
and $z \in Z$ s.t the induced map $\mathbb{P}^1_z \dashrightarrow X$
is non constant

(3) $\exists k$ -varieties Z and U over k + a k -morphism

$g: U \rightarrow Z$ with fibers rational curves and

$p: U \dashrightarrow X$ dominant s.t for some $z \in Z$

the induced map $g^{-1}(z) \dashrightarrow X$ is non const.

Prop: X reduced ~~separated~~ scheme of dim 1 over k
proper

Then $\delta(X) = \delta^2(X)$.

Proof. Suppose that X is smooth over k . Let u
smooth Henselian local over k (^{Idea:} $\overline{\delta(X)}(u) \simeq \delta^2(X)(u)$)

We have that the fibers of X are 1-dim smooth
varieties over k (X proper) so we can
write

$$X = \bigsqcup_{i \in I} C_i$$

C_i irreducible
smooth
projective
curves

I is finite.

If C_i is not rational over \bar{k} (\bar{k} alg closure of k) in particular C_i is not birational to $\mathbb{P}_{\bar{k}}^1$ then the genus C_i is ≥ 1

(By remark on the classification of smooth curves over a field \rightarrow Lemma 2.1.11 \rightarrow Asok-Morel)

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} c_i(u) \rightarrow \overline{[u, c_i]_{A_1^1}} \\ c_i \xrightarrow{\sim} \overline{\mathcal{J}_0^{A_1^1}(c_i)} \end{array} \right]$$

As a consequence:

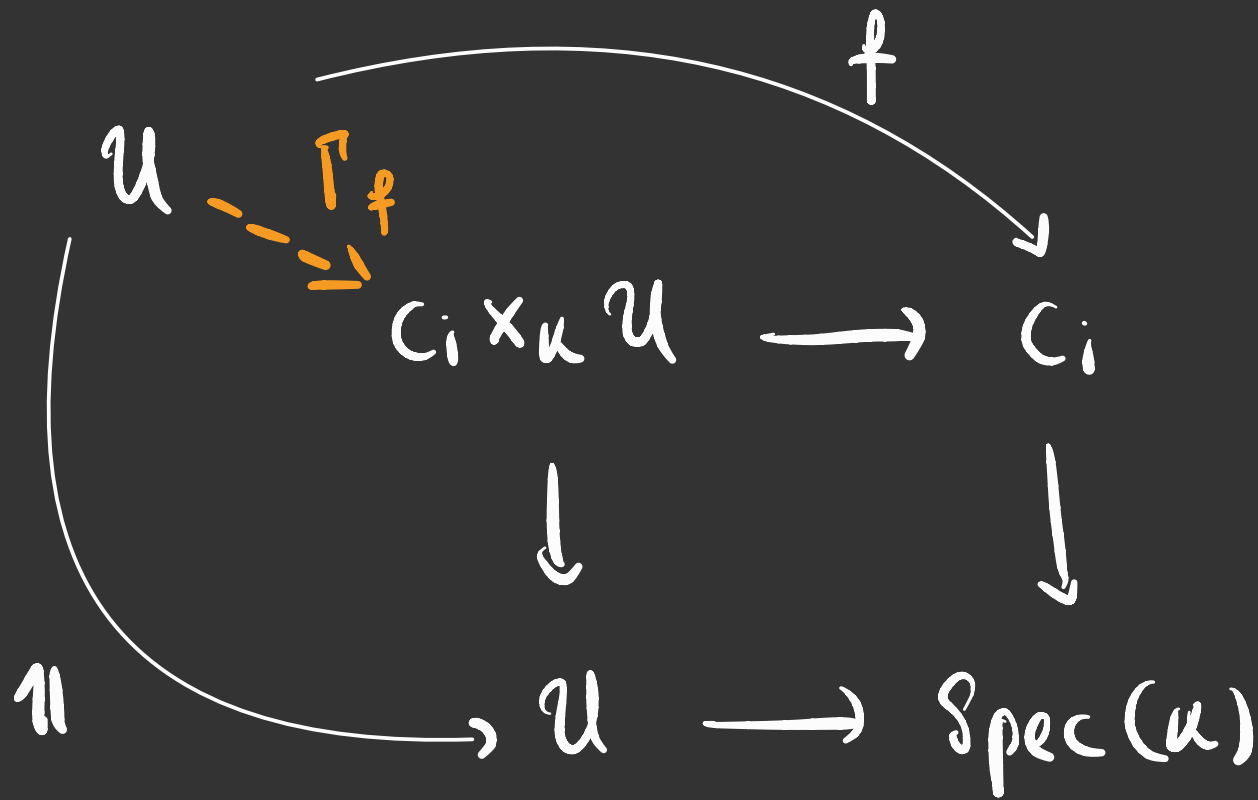
$$S(c_i) \simeq c_i$$

so that

$$S(c_i)(u) \simeq \delta^2(c_i)(u)$$

- If C_i is rational over \bar{k} then C_i is isomorphic to a smooth plane conic.

Let $f: U \rightarrow C_i$



so that f factors as:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{U} & \xrightarrow{\Gamma_f} & C_i \times_{\mathcal{U}} \mathcal{U} & \longrightarrow & C_i \\ & & & \searrow & \\ & & & \text{\scriptsize } f & \end{array}$$

If $C_i \times_{\mathcal{U}} \mathcal{U} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$ has no sections then

$$S(C_i)(\mathcal{U}) = \emptyset$$

$$S^2(C_i)(\mathcal{U}) = \emptyset$$

Otherwise, then $C_i \times_{\kappa} \mathcal{U} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$ smooth, proper
s.t the fiber over any point $u \in \mathcal{U}$ is $\cong \mathbb{P}_u^1$

Then by previous Lemma, $C_i \times_{\kappa} \mathcal{U} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$ is an
étale-locally trivial \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle and \mathcal{U} Hauselian
local then it is a trivial \mathbb{P}^1 -fiber bundle

Then

$$S(C_i)(\mathcal{U}) = *$$

$$S^2(C_i^2)(\mathcal{U}) = *$$

If X is not smooth: U smooth irred over K ,

and let $h: U \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow X$ any \mathbb{A}^1 -htpy of

U in X (^{or} \mathbb{A}^1 -ghost homotopy) then h factors

by the normalization:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U \times \mathbb{A}^1 & \xrightarrow{h} & X \\ & \searrow & \nearrow \\ & X' & \end{array}$$

$$\dim(X) = 1$$

then X' is
regular

so that if the image of h is dense in X

\leadsto use the smooth case.

If not the image is a single point. \square

Theorem: X proper, non-uniruled surface over k
then $S(X) \simeq S^2(X)$.

Proof: (Idea of the proof): X is ^{proper} non-uniruled

then by the equivalence we studied:

$\forall Z$ variety over k and $\forall \mathbb{P}^1 \times Z \dashrightarrow X$

then

(1) $\mathbb{P}^1 \times Z \dashrightarrow X$ is not dominant

or

(2) $\forall z \in Z \quad \mathbb{P}^1_z \dashrightarrow X$ is constant.

Goal: For any U smooth Henselian local scheme:

$$S(X)(U) \xrightarrow{\sim} S(X)(U \times \mathbb{A}^1)$$

If $\dim(U) = 0$ this follows from "Asok-Morel theorem".

Suppose that $\dim(U) \geq 1$. Take

$$H := (V \rightarrow A^1_U, W \rightarrow V \times_{A^1_U} V, h, h^W)$$

here $h: V \rightarrow X$.

an A^1 -ghost htpy of U in X connecting

$t_1, t_2: U \rightarrow X$. This A^1 -ghost htpy determines

an A^1 -htpy $\tilde{h}: A^1_u \rightarrow S(X)$, the idea

is to show that: $(\mathcal{U} \times A^1 \rightarrow X)$

either \tilde{h} lifts to an hhtpy of \mathcal{U} in X

or

the given A^1 -ghost htpy factors through some 1-dim, reduced closed subscheme of X .

write $V = \bigsqcup_{i \in I} V_i$ each V_i is irreducible.

$$k|_{V_i} := k_i$$

$$W = \bigsqcup_{i, J \in I} \left(\bigsqcup_{\ell \in K_{i, J}} W_{\ell}^{i, J} \right)$$

$W_{\ell}^{i, J}$ is irreducible and

$$\left(\bigsqcup_{\ell \in K_{i, J}} W_{\ell}^{i, J} \right) \longrightarrow V_i \times_{\text{Al}_u^1} V_J$$

N is cover

$$W_{\ell}^{i,J} \longrightarrow V_I \times_{A^1_u} V_J \longrightarrow V_i \xrightarrow{h_i} X$$

The restrictions of h^W to $W_{\ell}^{i,J}$ are either constant A^1 -chain homotopies or they factor through ^{some} 1-dim reduced, closed subscheme of X (X is non-uniruled!).



Corollary: Cong 1 and 2 hold for ^{proper} non-ruled surfaces over a field.

Remark: They do not hold for ruled surfaces
[A^1 -connected components of ruled surfaces].

$\pi_0^{A^1}$ is not birational invariant:

$X \in \text{Sm}_k$ s.t. X is A^1 -rigid.

X is simplistically fibrant, by 3.19 - MV $\S 2$

(X is A^1 -local \Leftrightarrow is A^1 -inv) so that

if X is A^1 -rigid: $\forall u \in \text{Sm}_k$

$$X(u) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Hom}_{H(k)}(u, X)$$

so that $X \rightarrow \mathcal{T}_0^{A^1}(X)$ is an isomorphism of Nisn sheaves.

Example: X abelian variety of $\dim \geq 2$

By AM 2.1.10, X is A^1 -rigid

so that $\mathcal{T}_0^{A^1}(X) \cong X$.

Next Blow up a point on X to get

$Y \longrightarrow X$ which induces
 birational
 proper

$$\mathcal{J}_0^{A'}(Y) \longrightarrow \mathcal{J}_0^{A'}(X)$$

If $\mathcal{J}_0^{A'}$ is birational inv then must be an
 isomorphism.

However, $Y \longrightarrow \mathcal{J}_0^{A'}(Y) \cong \mathcal{J}_0^{A'}(X) \cong X$ epimorphism

thus the blow-up morphism:

$Y \rightarrow X$ is an epimorphism
birr + proper.

$\Rightarrow Y \rightarrow X$ must be an isomorphism

Conclusion: $\pi_0^{A^1}$ is not birational inv.

Example of a scheme \underline{X} s.t

$\text{Sing}_*(X)$ is not A^1 -local.

X smooth projective variety over \mathbb{C} s.t

(i) $S(X) \neq S^2(X)$

(ii) $S(X) \rightarrow \pi_0^{A^1}(X)$ is not a mono.

(iii) $\text{Sing}_*(X)$ is not A^1 -local

Sed. 4.1 : Const 4.5 : (4)

(Anant Thesis.

Ls ruled case.